This document is a Supplement to the Prospectus dated 22 January 2020 issued by RIZE UCITS ICAV (the "ICAV"). This Supplement forms part of, and should be read in conjunction with, the Prospectus.

The value of Shares may go up or down and you may not get back the amount you invested. Investors' attention is drawn to the risk warnings contained in the section headed Risk Factors in the Prospectus and, in particular, to the risk warnings contained in the section of this Supplement entitled "Risk Factors".

Prospective investors should refer to the annex to this Supplement regarding the Fund's sustainable objective.

Words and expressions defined in the Prospectus, unless the context otherwise requires, have the same meaning when used in this Supplement.

RIZE UCITS ICAV

(an open-ended Irish collective asset management vehicle which is constituted as an umbrella fund with variable capital and segregated liability between its sub-funds and registered in Ireland with registration number C193010 and authorised by the Central Bank of Ireland as a UCITS)

SUPPLEMENT

Dated 4 August 2023

in respect of

RIZE USA ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT UCITS ETF

(a sub-fund of the ICAV, the "Fund")

The Directors of the ICAV, whose names appear in the Directory in the Prospectus, accept responsibility for the information contained in this Supplement. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Directors (who have taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this document is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

Investment Objective

The sustainable investment objective of the Fund is to replicate the performance of the Foxberry SMS USA Environmental Impact USD Net Total Return Index (the "Index"), which provides exposure to United States companies that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges. The Fund is passively managed.

Investment Policy

The Fund will seek to replicate the performance of the Index, subject to the deduction of the TER and other expenses associated with operating the Fund as further described in the "Fees and Expenses" section of the Prospectus. It will do so by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that, as far as possible and practicable, consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index and may have exposure to or invest directly up to 20% of its Net Asset Value in shares issued by the same body, which limit may be raised to 35% for a single issuer in exceptional market conditions, including (but not limited to) circumstances in which such issuer occupies a dominant market position.

Where it is not possible or practicable for the Fund to invest directly in or continue to hold all of the component securities of the Index (for reasons such as, but not limited to, where this would involve difficulties or substantial costs, where one or more securities in the Index becomes temporarily illiquid or unavailable, or as a result of legal restrictions or regulatory limitations that apply to the Fund but not the Index) and/or where consistent with its investment objective, the Fund may also invest in the following additional assets subject to the conditions and within the limits laid down by the Central Bank:

- Depositary Receipts relating to component securities of the Index; and
- FDIs namely, total return "unfunded" OTC Swaps and exchange-traded equity futures which may be used for investment purposes (such as gaining exposure to the Index and/or any particular constituents of the Index) in accordance with the terms set out in the sections entitled "Fund Investments", "Unfunded OTC Swap Model" and Schedule II of the Prospectus. While the Fund may invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in total return "unfunded" OTC Swaps, it is not expected that this flexibility will be used. The Fund will only invest in FDIs as provided for in the RMP prepared by the Investment Manager in respect of the Fund and filed with the Central Bank.

The Fund may also enter into transactions in FDI – specifically, FX forwards and FX non-deliverable forwards - in order to hedge against movements of the Class Currency relative to the currencies in which the Fund's assets are denominated, where different. Any such Class hedging transactions will be undertaken in accordance with the ICAV's currency hedging policy as set out in the section entitled "Currency Hedging Policy - Hedging at Class Level" in the Prospectus and in accordance with Schedule III of the Prospectus.

The equity securities and FDI investments of the Fund will be listed, traded and dealt with on one or more of the Regulated Markets set out in Schedule 1 to the Prospectus.

The Fund may, in addition, employ other techniques relating to transferable securities, including entering into securities lending transactions, investing in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions and short term money market collective investment schemes, for the purpose of efficient portfolio management only, in accordance with the terms set out in the section entitled "Efficient Portfolio Management Techniques" and Schedule III of the Prospectus. While the Fund may invest up to 100% of its Net Asset Value in repurchase and reverse repurchase transactions it is not expected that this flexibility will be used.

The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that can be subject to securities lending is 49%. The proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that will be subject to securities lending is expected to range from 0% to 49%.

The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that can be subject to repurchase transactions is 20%. The proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that will be subject to repurchase transactions is expected to be 0%.

The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that can be subject to reverse repurchase transactions is 20%. The proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that will be subject to reverse repurchase transactions is expected to be 0%.

The maximum proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that can be subject to total return swaps is 49%. The proportion of the Net Asset Value of the Fund that will be subject to total return swaps is expected to be 0%.

As at the date of this Fund Supplement, to the extent the Fund undertakes securities lending, the Fund will receive 62.5% of the associated revenue generated from securities lending activities and the remaining 37.5% will be retained by the Manager (representing the attendant direct and indirect operational costs and fees of the securities lending).

Base Currency

The Base Currency of the Fund is USD.

Investment Manager

The Investment Manager of the Fund is IQ EQ Fund Management (Ireland) Limited.

There is no guarantee that the Fund will achieve its investment objective.

It is recommended that an investment in the Fund should not constitute a substantial proportion of an investment portfolio and may not be appropriate for all investors.

SUSTAINABILITY

The Fund is a Sustainable Fund, as per the requirements of Article 9 of SFDR and its investment objective is to replicate the Index which itself has a sustainable objective. Accordingly, the Fund shares the same sustainable objective as the Index. The sustainable objective and how it is to be met is set out under the heading "The Index" below, including further information on the Index methodology. The Index methodology describes how the attainment of the sustainable objective is incorporated into the selection and weighting of securities in the Index.

Accordingly, the disclosure outlined in the SFDR Addendum applicable to Sustainable Funds applies to the Fund on the basis that it is a Sustainable Fund for the purpose of the SFDR Addendum.

Prospective investors should refer to the annex to this Supplement regarding the Fund's sustainable objective.

THE INDEX

General Description

The sustainable objective of the Index is to provide exposure to United States companies "that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges".

Companies are identified, classified and scored and, ultimately, selected and weighted by the Index using a thematic classification for the "Environmental Impact Opportunities" theme (the "Thematic Classification"). The Thematic Classification is a transparent and forward-looking classification framework which has been designed to identify and score publicly listed companies that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges. These are companies that are making a substantial contribution to one or more of the six environmental objectives set out in the EU Sustainable Finance Taxonomy:

The Thematic Classification can, accordingly, be segmented into the following environmental objectives and corresponding sub-sectors:

Six Environmental Objectives of the EU Taxonomy	Sub-Sectors
1. Climate Change Mitigation	Renewable Energy Generation
Economic activities that contribute substantially to the stabilisation of greenhouse gas emissions by avoiding or reducing them or	Renewable Energy Equipment
by enhancing greenhouse gas removals.	Hydrogen and Alternative Fuels
	Energy Efficiency Solutions
	Electric Vehicles and Green Transport
2. Climate Change Adaptation	Climate Resilience Solutions
Economic activities that contribute substantially to reducing or preventing the adverse impact of the current or expected future climate, or the risks of such adverse impact.	
3. The Sustainable Use and Protection of Water and Marine Resources	Clean Water
Economic activities that contribute substantially to achieving the good status of bodies of water, including surface, groundwater, and marine waters.	
4. The Transition to a Circular Economy Economic activities that increase the durability, reparability, upgradability, and reusability of products and/or which seek to develop 'product-as-a-service' business models with circular value-chains.	Circular Economy Solutions
5. Pollution Prevention and Control Economic activities that contribute substantially to the prevention or reduction of pollutant emissions into air, water, or land (other than greenhouse gases).	Pollution Control
6. The Protection and Restoration of Biodiversity and Ecosystems Economic activities that lead to nature and	Nature-Based Solutions
biodiversity conservation.	

A more detailed description of sub-sectors is available in the Index Methodology which is available at: https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry_sms_usa_environmental_impact_tr_

It is possible that the sub-sector definitions above may evolve over time and that additional sub-sectors may be added in future to reflect the dynamic nature of the transition to a more sustainable economy.

Various key sustainability criteria are embedded into the Thematic Classification, such as the exclusion of companies involved in fossil fuels.

The Index has a sustainable objective and differs from a broad market index in that, unlike a broad market index which aims to provide exposure to a broad set of publicly-traded companies which encompasses a broad set of industries/sectors, the Index aims to provide exposure to a very specific sub-set of companies that represent a particular investment theme/objective, one which is inherently-positive and sustainable.

Green Revenue Score

As part of the thematic classification process, each company is assigned a "Green Revenue Score" which is determined by reference to the proportion of such company's revenues which are derived from one or more of the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification.

A more detailed description of the Green Revenue Score is available in the Index Methodology which is available at:

https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry sms usa environmental impact tr

Environmental Impact Score

Each company is also assigned an "Environmental Impact Score" by reference to a forward-looking impact assessment carried out by the Thematic Research Partner which measures (1) the impact potential of each sub-sector of the Thematic Classification in solving key environmental challenges and contributing in the transition towards a more sustainable economy, (2) the potential success of the sub-sector taking into account technological and financial considerations such as technological efficacy and commercial viability and scalability and (3) each individual company's positioning within its sub-sector and its potential to emerge as a leader in the coming years.

The sub-sector classifications, Green Revenues Scores and Environmental Impact Scores of the companies are re-assessed on a semi-annual basis as part of the semi-annual update of the Stock Universe in June and December each year.

A more detailed description of the Environmental Impact Score is available in the Index Methodology which is available at:

https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry sms usa environmental impact tr

Index selection and weighting

Pursuant to the Index Methodology, the following selection and weighting criteria are applied:

Companies must be listed on an eligible United States stock exchange listed in the Index Methodology and be incorporated or domiciled in the United States to be eligible for selection.

Companies must derive a minimum of 50% of their revenues from the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification to be eligible for selection, meaning that only those companies that are making a substantial contribution to the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification (and, therefore, the six environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy) are eligible for selection.

Companies on the Rize Future First Exclusion List are excluded from the selection. The Rize Future First Exclusion List is a public list of companies that conflict with the screening criteria of the Rize Future First Policy which covers a range of economic activities (such as fossil fuels and controversial weaponry), controversies, the violation of international norms and principles (including the UNGC and OECD Guidelines) and governance. Both the Rize Future First Policy and the resulting exclusion list can be accessed at https://rizeetf.com/documents/

Companies must meet certain minimum free-float market capitalisation and liquidity thresholds to be eligible for selection.

The remaining companies are then selected.

Having been selected for inclusion within the Index, companies are weighted according to their relative Environmental Impact Scores (i.e. the higher a company's Environmental Impact Score, the higher the company's weight in the Index).

To ensure that the Index remains sufficiently liquid over time, a liquidity cap is then applied to each company to ensure that a hypothetical investment into the Index would not exceed a certain percentage of the average daily traded value of any individual company.

Semi-annual rebalancing

The Index is reblanced on a semi-annual basis in June and December each year pursuant to the published Index Methodology using the latest Stock Universe delivered by the Thematic Research Partner and screening criteria of the Rize Future First Policy.

The Fund will make a corresponding adjustments to its portfolio to reflect any changes to the composition of the Index resulting from the semi-annual rebalance.

Investors should note that the respective weights of each of the constituents of the Index are expected to fluctuate in-between the periodic rebalance dates of the Index. Please see the Prospectus section entitled "Circumstances where the weighting of an Index constituent exceeds the applicable concentration limits prescribed by the UCITS Regulations" for details of the procedure to be adopted when the weighting of any constituent of the Index exceeds the permitted investment restrictions.

Index Provider and website

The Benchmark Administrator is Foxberry Ltd and the Index is calculated by Solactive AG.

The information set out above is a summary of the principal features of the Index and does not purport to be an exhaustive description. Further information can be found in the "Foxberry SMS USA Environmental Impact Index Rules" (the "Index Methodology") which is available, along with the constituents and weights of the Index at:

https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry sms usa environmental impact tr

PROFILE OF A TYPICAL INVESTOR

A typical Investor would be one who is a private or institutional investor and is seeking capital appreciation over the long term. Such an Investor is also one that is able to assess the merits and risks of an investment in the Shares of the relevant Class of the Fund.

SHARE CLASSES

Only ETF Shares will be issued in respect of the Fund.

Details of the Classes available in the Fund, are set out below.

Classes	TER	Dividend Policy/Frequency	Unlaunched Classes of ETF Shares are indicated below	Hedged share Class	Class Currency
USD Accumulating ETF	0.45%	Accumulating	Unlaunched	No	USD
USD Distributing ETF	0.45%	Distributing/Semi- Annual	Unlaunched	No	USD
GBP Hedged Accumulating ETF	0.45%	Accumulating	Unlaunched	Yes	GBP
EUR Hedged Accumulating ETF	0.45%	Accumulating	Unlaunched	Yes	EUR

CHF	Hedged	0.45%	Accumulating	Unlaunched	Yes	CHF
Accumulatin	g ETF					

The Directors reserve the right to differentiate between persons who are subscribing for or redeeming Shares and to waive or reduce the Minimum Subscription Amount and Minimum Redemption Amount for any such person or to refuse an application for the subscription of Shares in their absolute discretion.

Additional Classes may be created in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank.

TRACKING ERROR

The anticipated tracking error in normal market conditions is set out below for each of the Classes of the Fund. Please note that, whilst the Fund has multiple Classes some of which are denominated in different currencies, some of which are distributing Classes and/or some of which are Hedged Classes, the anticipated tracking error displayed for all Classes is that applicable for the USD Accumulating ETF (which is denominated in USD, unhedged and accumulates any applicable dividends) as against the Index (which is also denominated in USD, unhedged and accumulates any applicable dividends).

The anticipated tracking error of a Class is not a guide to its future performance. The annual and semiannual report and accounts will set out the actual realised tracking error as at the end of the period under review.

Classes	Tracking Error
USD Accumulating ETF	1.0% (annualised)
USD Distributing ETF	1.0% (annualised)
GBP Hedged Accumulating ETF	1.0% (annualised)
EUR Hedged Accumulating ETF	1.0% (annualised)
CHF Hedged Accumulating ETF	1.0% (annualised)

DIVIDENDS

Where the ICAV intends to declare dividends with respect to one or more Classes of the Fund, the proposed frequency of such dividend declarations shall be as set out in the table in the section entitled "Share Classes".

It is not the current intention of the Directors to declare dividends in respect of the Classes identified as "accumulating" classes in this Supplement. The income and earnings and gains of the Funds will be accumulated and reinvested. Any change to this dividend policy shall be set out in an updated version of the Supplement and notified to the Shareholders in advance.

It is intended to declare dividends in respect of the Classes identified as "distributing" classes in this Supplement. Distributions in respect of these Classes will be declared on each Distribution Date in each year provided that if such dates are not Business Days, the declaration date will be the Business Day immediately following such date respectively. The distribution may comprise net income (if any) of the Fund.

The Distribution Date for this Fund will be the first Business Day in January and July each year or such other Business Day in January and July each year as may be notified in advance to Investors by means of the Distribution Calendar for the Fund which is available on: www.rizeetf.com/documents/.

Dividend Payments through Clearstream

As at the date of this Supplement, only ETF Shares have been issued in respect of this Fund. The ICAV, or its authorised agent, will pay any dividends declared to Clearstream (as the registered holder of Shares). Investors, where they are Clearstream Participants, must look solely to Clearstream for their share of each dividend payment paid by the ICAV or, where they are not Clearstream Participants, they must look to their respective nominee, broker or CSD (as appropriate, which may be a Clearstream Participant or have an arrangement with a Clearstream Participant) for any share of each dividend payment paid by the ICAV that relates to their investment.

DEALING IN SHARES OF THE FUND

Only the ETF Shares issued in respect of this Fund will be listed and/or traded on the Relevant Stock Exchanges. It is envisaged that ETF Shares will be bought and sold by private and institutional investors in the secondary market.

Only Authorised Participants may subscribe for and redeem ETF Shares in the Fund directly with the ICAV in accordance with the section of the Prospectus entitled "**Procedures for Subscriptions and Redemptions**" having regard to the information set out below:

Business Day	A day on which banks, markets and exchanges are open for business in the UK and Ireland and such other days as the Directors shall determine.
Class Currency	The dealing currency and the currency of denomination of the relevant Class.
Dealing Day	An Index Publication Day and a day on which no Significant Markets are closed for business or such Business Day(s) as the Directors may from time to time determine (and notify in advance to Shareholders) for dealings in the Fund provided always that there shall be at least one Dealing Day each fortnight. The Marketing Agent maintains an online "Dealing Day Calendar" at: http://www.rize-etf.com, where advance notice of all expected Dealing Days for each Fund is published on an ongoing basis. The Dealing Day Calendar is also available on request from the Manager.
Initial Offer Period	The Initial Offer Period shall commence at 9:00 a.m. (Dublin time) on 7 August 2023 and shall end at 3:00 p.m. (Dublin time) on 7 February 2024 or such other time as the Directors may determine.
Initial Offer Price	The price per Share is expected to be approximately USD 5, or its equivalent in the Class Currency. However, the actual initial price per ETF Share will depend on the actual cost to the ICAV of purchasing the relevant Investments (please see the definition of "Duties and Charges" in the Prospectus). Details of the Initial Offer Price will be available from the Administrator and on http://www.rize-etf.com.
Minimum Redemption Amount	USD 1,000,000 or its equivalent in the Class Currency.
Minimum Subscription Amount	USD 1,000,000 or its equivalent in the Class Currency.
Settlement Time	Settlement of subscriptions shall generally occur within two Business Days after the relevant Dealing Day (unless otherwise stipulated by the Manager or its delegate) and in any event will occur within a maximum of ten Business Days. Settlement of redemptions shall generally occur within two Business Days after the relevant Dealing Day (unless otherwise agreed with the Manager or its delegate).
Subscription Fee	None
Trade Cut-Off Time	3:00 p.m. Dublin time on the relevant Dealing Day or such earlier or later time as may be determined by the Manager or the Investment Manager at their discretion with prior notice to Authorised Participants, which is the cut-off time in respect of any Dealing Day for receipt of applications for subscriptions and redemptions in the Fund.
Valuation Point	4:00 p.m. New York Time (US) on the relevant Dealing Day.

FEES AND EXPENSES

A TER will be paid out of the assets of each Class to the Manager. The TER for each for each Class is set out under the heading "TER" in the table included under the heading "Share Classes".

This section should be read in conjunction with the section headed "Fees, Costs and Expenses" in the Prospectus.

RISK FACTORS

Investment in the Fund carries with it a degree of risk including, but not limited to, the risks described in the "Risk Factors" section of the Prospectus.

The Fund may be subject to the risks associated with companies operating in the renewable energy sectors including, but not limited to, fluctuating energy prices which impact upon company revenues, weather fluctuations that impact the ability to generate electricity, the risk that existing regulatory frameworks (the benefits of which might include commitments to pay premium prices, priority access to electricity grids, support for the necessary infrastructure investments and guarantees of purchases of renewable energy output) become less supportive and the cost of producing renewable energy which can be high relative to conventional energy sources / technologies (which pose a risk to the long term economic viability of renewable energy ventures).

The Fund may be subject to the risks associated with companies developing new renewable energy technologies and other technologies associated with energy efficiency, electrification of vehicles and other modes of transport, water treatment and purification, waste management and recycling and pollution control, including the risk arising from rapidly changing technologies and obsolescence of existing products; fierce competition from competitors with lower costs; aggressive pricing and reduced profit margins; the loss of patent, copyright and trademark protections; cyclical market patterns; evolving industry standards, evolving regulatory frameworks; and frequent new product introductions.

Some companies may be smaller and less experienced companies, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources and fewer experienced management or marketing personnel. They may experience extreme price and volume fluctuations that are often unrelated to their operating performance.

The Index is typically comprised of a mix of micro, small, mid and large capitalisation companies. Micro and small capitalisation companies may be more vulnerable to adverse business or economic events than larger, more established companies and may underperform other segments of the market or the equity market as a whole. Securities of micro and small capitalisation companies generally trade in lower volumes, are less liquid and are often more vulnerable to market volatility and greater and more unpredictable price changes than larger capitalisation stocks or the stock market as a whole.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's global exposure, being the incremental exposure and leverage generated by the Fund through its use of FDI, shall be calculated on at least a daily basis using the commitment approach and, in accordance with the requirements of the Central Bank, may at no time exceed 100% of the Fund's Net Asset Value. As noted in the "Investment Policy" section above, the Fund's use of FDI is an ancillary element of the investment policy in that it is an alternative means of gaining exposure to the Index, or one or more of the constituents of the Index, in circumstances where direct investment in the constituents of the Index is not possible, practicable or desirable. Regardless of whether exposure to the underlying constituents is obtained by direct investment in the constituents, or by gaining exposure to the constituents through the use of FDI, the same notional value shall be committed to the investment by the Fund. Accordingly, it is not expected that the Fund will be leveraged.

TAXATION

German Investment Tax Act

The ICAV seeks to maintain "equity fund" status for the Fund pursuant to Section 2 para. 6 and 7 of the German Investment Tax Act 2018.

Investors should consult their own professional advisers as to the implications of the Fund maintaining "equity fund" status pursuant to the German Investment Tax Act 2018.

As at the date of this Fund Supplement, at least 51% of the Fund's assets will be continuously invested in equity assets as defined in Section 2. para. 8 of the German Investment Tax Act 2018.

DISCLAIMERS

The ICAV is required to provide details of the Index Provider's website to enable Investors to obtain further details of the Index (including its constituents). Neither the ICAV nor the Manager has any responsibility for the contents of such website and are not involved in any way in sponsoring, endorsing or otherwise involved in the establishment, maintenance or contents of the website.

Neither Foxberry Ltd, Solactive AG, nor any of their respective affiliates, data vendors or service providers (collectively, the "Index Parties") makes any representation or warranty, express or implied, to investors in the Fund or any member of the public regarding the advisability of investing in financial products generally or in the Fund particularly or the ability of the Index or any sub-indices thereto (individually and collectively, the "Index") to track general market performance. The Index Parties have no obligation to take the needs or interests of the Fund or investors in the Fund into consideration in determining, composing or calculating the Index. The Index Parties have no obligation or liability in connection with the administration, marketing or trading of the Fund. None of the Index Parties shall be liable (whether in negligence or otherwise) to any person for any error in the Index and the Index Parties are under no obligation to advise any person of any error therein. None of Index Parties nor their respective affiliates shall have any liability for any act or failure to act by any such party in connection with the calculation, adjustment or maintenance of the Index. Although each of the Index Parties will obtain information concerning the Index from publicly available sources it believes reliable, it will not independently verify this information. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking (express or implied) is made and no responsibility is accepted by any of the Index Parties or their respective affiliates as to the accuracy, completeness and timeliness of information concerning the Index, or as to the continuance of calculation or publication of the Index. The Fund is not sponsored, promoted, sold or supported in any other manner by Solactive AG nor does Solactive AG offer any express or implicit guarantee or assurance either with regard to the results of using the Index and/or Index trade mark or the Index price at any time or in any other respect. The Index is calculated and published by Solactive AG. Solactive AG uses its best efforts to ensure that the Index is calculated correctly. Irrespective of its obligations towards the Company, Solactive AG has no obligation to point out errors in the Index to third parties including but not limited to investors and/or financial intermediaries of the Fund. Neither publication of the Index by Solactive AG nor the licensing of the Index or Index trade mark for the purpose of use in connection with the Fund constitutes a recommendation by Solactive AG to invest capital in the Fund nor does it in any way represent an assurance or opinion of Solactive AG with regard to any investment in this financial instrument.

Admission to trading on any trading venue operated by an entity of the London Stock Exchange Group Plc ("LSEG"), does not constitute a warranty or representation by any entity of LSEG as to the competence of the service providers or the suitability of the Shares for investment or for any other purpose.

LISTINGS

Frankfurt Stock Exchange Listing

Application has been made to Frankfurt Stock Exchange for the Shares of the Fund issued and available for issue to be admitted to the Official List and to trading on the Main Securities Market of Frankfurt Stock Exchange. Admission to listing is expected to become effective on or about the date of this Fund Supplement or later date as the Directors may determine subject to the prior notification to Frankfurt Stock Exchange. This document, together with the Prospectus shall constitute listing particulars for the purpose of listing the Shares on Frankfurt Stock Exchange and includes all information required to be disclosed by the code of listing requirements and procedures of Frankfurt Stock Exchange.

As of the date of this document the Fund does not have any loan capital (including term loans) outstanding or created but unissued, and no outstanding mortgages, charges, debentures or other borrowings under acceptances or acceptance credits, hire purchase or finance lease commitments, guarantees or other contingent liabilities.

At the date of this document, other than as disclosed below, no Director or any persons closely associated with any Director, has any interest, beneficial or non-beneficial, in the share capital of the ICAV, together with any options in respect of such shares, or any material interest in the ICAV or in any agreement or arrangement with the ICAV except that one or more of the Directors may hold Subscriber Shares as a nominee of the Marketing Agent. The Directors shall endeavour to ensure that any conflict of interest is resolved fairly.

Template pre-contractual disclosure for the financial products referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 to 4a, of Regulation (EU) 2019/2088 and Article 5, first paragraph, of Regulation (EU) 2020/852

Product name: Rize USA Environmental Impact UCITS ETF

Legal entity identifier: 635400JDXRZVU5MKFT89

Sustainable investment objective

Does this financial product have a sustainable investment objective? Yes No It will make a minimum of It promotes Environmental/Social (E/S) **characteristics** and while it does not have as sustainable investments with an its objective a sustainable investment, it will environmental objective: 98% have a minimum proportion of ___% of in economic activities that sustainable investments qualify as environmentally with an environmental objective in economic sustainable under the EU activities that qualify as environmentally Taxonomy sustainable under the EU Taxonomy in economic activities that do with an environmental objective in not qualify as environmentally economic activities that do not qualify as sustainable under the EU environmentally sustainable under the EU Taxonomy Taxonomy with a social objective It will make a minimum of It promotes E/S characteristics, but will not make any sustainable investments sustainable investments with a

Sustainable investment means an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that the investment does not significantly harm any environmental or social objective and that the investee

The **EU Taxonomy**

is a classification system laid down in Regulation (EU) 2020/852, establishing a list environmentally sustainable economic activities. That Regulation does not include a list of socially sustainable economic activities. Sustainable



social objective: %

Sustainability indicators measure how the sustainable objectives of this

financial product

investments with

an environmental

What is the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

The sustainable investment objective of the Rize USA Environmental Impact UCITS ETF (the "Fund") is to replicate the performance of the Foxberry SMS USA Environmental Impact USD Net Total Return Index (the "Index"), which provides exposure to United States companies that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges.

Accordingly, the Fund shares the same sustainable objective as the Index.

The Index itself has the sustainable objective to provide exposure to US companies "that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges", including companies involved in the following sub-sectors: renewable energy generation, renewable energy equipment,

hydrogen and alternative fuels, energy efficiency solutions, electric vehicles and green transport, climate resilience solutions, clean water, circular economy solutions, pollution control and nature-based solutions.

The thematic classification for the "Environmental Impact Opportunities" theme (the "Thematic Classification") pursuant to which companies are selected, screened, assigned an environmental impact score and weighted by the Index establishes a number of sub-sectors that represent key, identified areas of sustainable innovation which contribute to the sustainable objective that have been extrapolated out of the following six environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy for Sustainable Activities:

- 1. Climate change mitigation
- 2. Climate change adaptation
- 3. The sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources
- 4. The transition to a circular economy
- 5. Pollution prevention and control
- 6. The protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems

Please refer to the section below entitled "What investment strategy does this financial product follow?" for more information on how the sustainable investment objective is sought to be achieved.

What sustainability indicators are used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective of this financial product?

(1) Green Revenue Score (minimum thematic purity)

The principal indicator used to measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective is whether or not a company meets (at the time of its initial selection by the Index) and continues to meet (at each semi-annual rebalance of the Index thereafter) the minimum of 50% of its revenues from the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification and, accordingly, the sustainable objective (also known as "thematic purity") required by the Index Methodology. Each company is assigned a "Green Revenue Score" reflecting the percentage of its revenues derived from the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification. A more detailed description of the Green Revenue Scores is available in the Index Methodology which is available at: https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry_sms_usa_environmental_impact_tr

(2) Environmental Impact Score

The attainment of the sustainable investment objective of the Fund is also measured by reference to a forward-looking impact assessment carried out by the Thematic Research Partner which measures (1) the impact potential of each sub-sector of the Thematic Classification in solving key environmental challenges and contributing in the transition towards a more sustainable economy, (2) the potential success of the sub-sector taking into account technological and financial considerations such as technological efficacy and commercial viability and scalability and (3) each individual company's positioning within its sub-sector and its potential to emerge as a leader in the coming years. A more detailed description of the Environmental Impact Scores is available in the Index Methodology is available which at:

Principal adverse impacts are the most significant negative impacts of investment decisions on sustainability factors relating to environmental, social and employee matters, respect for human rights,

https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry_sms_usa_environmental_impact_tr_

(3) Impact of theme-specific sustainability screening criteria

We also measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective by assessing the impact of the theme-specific sustainability screening criteria embedded into the Thematic Classification on the resulting portfolio of the Index/Fund (i.e. by assessing the number of companies that are screened out as a result of their application and what that means for the relevant adverse environmental or social indicators that those screening criteria seek to mitigate). For example, we are able to report how many companies have been screened out due to their involvement in fossil fuels which is the highest contributing sector to human-caused GHG emissions and climate change.

(4) Impact of additional screening criteria

We also measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective by assessing the impact of the additional screening criteria of the Rize Future First Policy on the resulting portfolio of the Index/Fund (i.e. by assessing the number of companies that are screened out as a result of their application and what that means for the relevant adverse environmental or social indicators that those screening criteria seek to mitigate)

(5) Impact of the engagement and voting programs

We also measure the attainment of the sustainable investment objective by assessing the level of engagement with portfolio companies and participation in company shareholder resolutions of the Rize Future First Policy and the success of the engagement program and voting programs over time in achieving greater transparency and/or improved performance against any relevant environmental or social indicators.

How do sustainable investments not cause significant harm to any environmental or social sustainable investment objective?

How have the indicators for adverse impacts on sustainability factors been taken into account?

The Index represents a theme that is sustainable (i.e. *US companies that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges*). The Index utilises the expertise and research capabilities of a thematic research partner to curate and maintain a defined classification system/taxonomy and stock universe representing the various sub-sectors of the theme that are substantially contributing to the sustainable objective that enables publicly-traded companies to be researched, classified and assigned a thematic purity score and impact score (referred to as the "Green Revenue Score" and "Environmental Impact Score" respectively). Accordingly, the "Environmental Impact Opportunities" theme has been developed into a unique thematic classification system comprised of a series of enabling sub-sectors that have been extrapolated out of the six environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy.

However, even investment themes that are sustainable may expose investors to individual companies that, whilst on the face of it are broadly aligned to the sustainable objectives of that theme, may also be involved in economic activities or corporate behaviours that conflict with the sustainable objective. For example,

a company producing renewable energy would be principally aligned to the Climate Change Mitigation objective of the Thematic Classification. However, if that company is also producing energy from thermal coal or it is mistreating its employees or engaged in poor corporate governance practices, it would be harming the overarching sustainable objective of the theme.

Accordingly, for the Fund to be a sustainable thematic fund, it is necessary to identify and incorporate appropriate screening criteria into the stock selection process to ensure that no significant harm is caused by any constituent companies that are, in the first instance, aligned to the sustainable objective of that theme but which are in fact harming any other environmental or social objectives of the theme or environmental or social objectives that are not directly targeted by the theme.

Therefore, consideration is given to any theme-specific screening criteria that might be required to account for any theme-specific sustainability risks.

A suite of additional screening criteria from the Rize Future First Policy are also applied to all sustainable funds launched by Rize ETF in order to remove exposure to industries and companies that pose significant environmental, social or governance risks to the portfolio, including product/industry involvement risks (the risks presented by involvement in certain industries) and company-specific risks related to poor corporate governance and controversies and the violation of international social norms and principles.

More specifically, the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors are considered through a combination of (1) the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification pursuant to which relevant companies are identified, classified and assigned a Green Revenue Score and Environmental Impact Score by reference to their respective contribution to the sustainable objective and in respect of which various theme-specific sustainability screening criteria are integrated in order to exclude certain sectors / companies that would otherwise harm the sustainable objective and negatively impact upon certain environmental or social indicators (for example, the exclusion of companies involved in fossil fuels); (2) the exclusion of certain sectors / companies that pose material environmental and social risks to the portfolio via the screening criteria of the Rize Future First Policy which can be accessed at https://rizeetf.com/documents/and covers a range of economic activities (such as fossil fuels and controversial weaponry), controversies, the violation of international norms and principles and governance; (3) the engagement program of the Rize Future First Policy that seeks to engage with companies in respect of certain environmental or social indicators in respect of which they might be having an adverse impact and how they might improve their performance against those indicators; and (4) the voting program of the Rize Future First Policy that seeks to encourage good governance and greater transparency and improve performance against certain environmental or social indicators.

All of the mandatory adverse sustainability indicators from Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288 are considered along with two additional indicators, as set out in the section below entitled "Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?"

The "Rize Future First Policy" is accessible here: https://rizeetf.com/documents/

How are the sustainable investments aligned with the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights?

The Index excludes any companies contained on the Rize Future First Exclusion List published on https://rizeetf.com/documents/, which utilises the UNGC and OECD Guidelines, Poor Governance Practices and Controversies screens of the Rize Future First Policy to exclude companies that are found to be in violation of international social norms and principles such as the OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises and the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights.



Does this financial product consider principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors?



Yes



No

The principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors are considered in a number of ways in the development and ongoing maintenance of the Index which the Fund replicates.

More specifically, the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors are considered through a combination of (1) the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification pursuant to which relevant companies are identified, classified and assigned a Green Revenue Score and Environmental Impact Score by reference to their respective contribution to the sustainable objective and in respect of which various theme-specific sustainability screening criteria are integrated in order to exclude certain sectors / companies that would otherwise harm the sustainable objective and negatively impact upon certain environmental or social indicators (for example, the exclusion of companies involved in fossil fuels); (2) the exclusion of certain sectors / companies that pose material environmental and social risks to the portfolio via the screening criteria of the Rize Future First Policy which can be accessed at https://rizeetf.com/documents/ and covers a range of economic activities (such as fossil fuels and controversial weaponry), controversies, the violation of international norms and principles and governance; (3) the engagement program of the Rize Future First Policy that seeks to engage with companies in respect of certain environmental or social indicators in respect of which they might be having an adverse impact and how they might improve their performance against those indicators; and (4) the voting program of the Rize Future First Policy that seeks to encourage good governance and greater transparency and improve performance against certain environmental or social indicators.

All 14 of the mandatory adverse sustainability indicators from Annex I of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2022/1288 are considered along with two additional indicators, as set out in the table below:

Mandatory climate and other environment-related indicators

	1.	GHG emissions
Greenhouse gas emissions	2.	Carbon footprint
gas emissions	3.	GHG intensity of investee companies

	4. Exposure to companies active in the fossil fuel sector	
	5. Share of non-renewable energy consumption and production	
	6. Energy consumption intensity per high impact climate sector	
Biodiversity	7. Activities negatively affecting biodiversity-sensitive areas	
Water	8. Emissions to water	
Waste	9. Hazardous waste and radioactive waste ratio	
Indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti- corruption and anti-bribery matters		
Social and employee matters	10. Violations of UN Global Compact principles and Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	
	11. Lack of processes and compliance mechanisms to monitor compliance with UN Global Compact principles and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises	
	12. Unadjusted gender pay gap	
	13. Board gender diversity	
	14. Exposure to controversial weapons (anti-personnel mines, cluster munitions, chemical weapons and biological weapons)	

Additional indicators

Additional climate and other environment-related indicators		
Water, waste and material emissions	Deforestation	
Additional indicators for social and employee, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters		
Human Rights	Number of identified cases of severe human rights issues and incidents	

For further information, please refer to the Rize Future First Policy which is available at: https://rizeetf.com/documents/

Information on how the principal adverse impacts on sustainability factors have been considered with respect to a given calendar year shall be available in the annual reports of the ICAV which shall be available at: https://rizeetf.com/documents/

The investment strategy guides investment decisions based on factors such as investment objectives and risk tolerance.



What investment strategy does this financial product follow?

The sustainable investment objective of the Fund is to replicate the performance of the Index while positively impacting climatic and environmental challenges. The Fund is passively managed and, accordingly, the investment strategy of the Fund is to replicate the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that, as far as possible and

practicable, consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index. The sustainable objective of the Index is to provide exposure to United States companies "that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges".

What are the binding elements of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective?

The binding element of the investment strategy used to select the investments to attain the sustainable investment objective is the investment policy of the Fund which prescribes that the Fund will achieve the investment objective by replicating the performance of the Index by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that, as far as possible and practicable, consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index, as further described in the "Investment Policy" section of the Supplement.

The Index Methodology itself then contains binding elements within its investment strategy that enable it to achieve the sustainable investment objective as described in the previous section above under the heading "Index selection and weighting", including that each company is assigned both a Green Revenue Score and an Environmental Impact Score which are used to both select and weight the constituents of the Index.

Finally, as part of the Index selection process, companies involved in fossil fuel infrastructure such as fossil fuel utilities, including natural gas and pipelines and companies on the Rize Future First Exclusion List are excluded from the selection.

What is the policy to assess good governance practices of the investee companies?

Where a company is determined to be engaged in poor governance practices, in particular with respect to sound management structures, employee relations, staff remuneration and tax compliance, it will be placed on the Rize Future First Exclusion List applicable to the relevant theme/ETF and, accordingly, excluded from the company selection process at the next occurring semi-annual rebalance of the Index. However, whilst a company may be flagged by one or more ESG data vendors as being (or having previously been) engaged in poor governance practices, it may, depending on the relevant circumstances, be appropriate to conduct further research (including engaging with the company directly) before placing the company on the Rize Future First Exclusion List. This is more likely to be the case where the number of third party ESG data vendor sources is limited and/or inconsistent, where the information or analysis appears to be out of date or where there appears to be insufficient information available from or about the company to make an immediate determination.

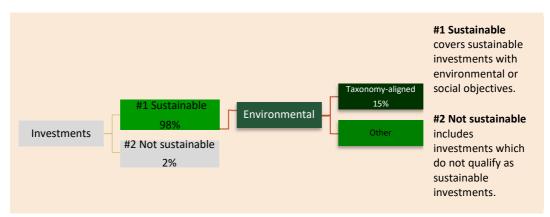


What is the asset allocation and the minimum share of sustainable investments?

Asset allocation describes the share of investments in

Taxonomy-aligned activities are expressed as a share of:

- turnover
 reflecting the
 share of revenue
 from green
 activities of
 investee
 companies
- capital expenditure (CapEx) showing the green investments made by investee companies, e.g. for a transition to a green economy.
- operational expenditure (OpEx) reflecting green operational activities of investee companies.



Accordingly, the minimum share of sustainable investments is 98% (represented by the box entitled "#1 Sustainable") all of which is aligned with the environmental objective of the Fund (represented by the box entitled "Environmental"). A minimum of 15% of the Fund's investments will be aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

The non-sustainable investments (represented by the box entitled **"#2 Not sustainable"**) constitute any cash or derivative positions held by the Fund but not the Index. However, as set out below, the Fund does not currently use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objective but may elect to do in the future in accordance with the "Investment Policy" section of the Supplement.

How does the use of derivatives attain the sustainable investment objective?

The Fund does not currenty use derivatives to attain the sustainable investment objective but may elect to do in the future in accordance with the "Investment Policy" section of the Supplement. In such cases, the Fund would be gaining indirect exposure to the consituents of the Index and so the derivative would be assisting the Fund in achieving the sustainable objective.



To what minimum extent are sustainable investments with an environmental objective aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

A minimum of 15% of the Fund's investments will be aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

Does the financial product invest in fossil gas and/or nuclear energy related activities that comply with the EU Taxonomy1?

Yes:

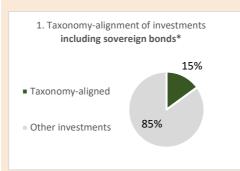
The two graphs below show in green the minimum percentage of investments that are aligned with the EU Taxonomy. As there is no appropriate methodology to determine the taxonomy-alignment of sovereign bonds*, the first graph shows the Taxonomy alignment in relation to all the investments of the financial product including sovereign bonds, while the second graph shows the

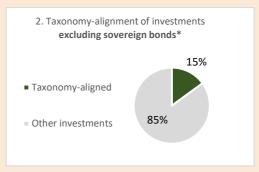


Enabling
activities
directly enable
other activities
to make a
substantial
contribution to
an
environmental
objective.

Transitional activities are activities for which low-carbon alternatives are not yet available ad among others have greenhouse gas emission

Taxonomy alignment only in relation to the investments of the financial product other than sovereign bonds.





*For the purpose of these graphs, 'sovereign bonds' consist of all sovereign exposures

What is the minimum share of investments in transitional and enabling activities?



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy?

A minimum of 85% of the Fund's investments will be not aligned with the EU Taxonomy.

As at 22 November 2022, the European Commission has only adopted taxonomy screening criteria for the first two environmental objectives (Climate Change Mitigation and Climate Change Adaptation). The taxonomy screening criteria for the remaining four environmental objectives (The Sustainable Use and Protection of Water and Marine Resources, The Transition to a Circular Economy, Pollution Prevention and Control and The Protection and Restoration of Biodiversity and Ecosystems) have not yet been adopted by the European Commission. Furthermore, a large number of global publicly listed companies are not yet reporting their own alignment to the EU Taxonomy as they are not bound by European regulation that would require them to. However, we expect that the number of global publicly traded companies reporting their alignment to the EU Taxonomy will increase over time as a greater number of such companies are mandated to do so by regulation and as they seek to appeal to European investors requesting them to do so.

Accordingly, whilst the taxonomy screening for the remaining four environmental objectives remain to be adopted by the European Commission, the taxonomy alignment data from portfolio companies and which is available through ESG data agreggators remains incomplete. This means that the taxonomy-aligned percentage reported by our ESG data source for the Fund is currently only 36.24%, whilst the taxonomy-eligible percentage is currently 87.8% (both as at 19 April 2023). Given that we expect the alignment data to change over time as the constituents of the Index change from time to time and the taxonomy screening criteria for the remaining four environmental objectives remain to be adopted, we have therefore elected to specify a minimum share of sustainable investments with an environmental objective that is aligned with the EU Taxonomy of 15% (i.e. we have applied a haircut to the 36.24% figure currently reported by our ESG data source).

However, as the sub-sectors of the Thematic Classification pursuant to which companies are selected and weighted by the Index have been extrapolated from the 6

environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy and the Index requires that companies must derive a significant proportion of their operating profit or revenues from the subsectors of the Thematic Classification, the Index is designed to be substantially aligned to the EU Taxonomy and even more aligned to the sustainable objective of the Index. Accordingly, we expect that the proportion of the Fund's investments that are reported as being taxonomy-aligned by ESG data agreggators will increase over time. In the meantime, we have determined that the minimum share of investments that are not aligned with the EU Taxonomy to be 85%.



What is the minimum share of sustainable investments with a social objective?

0%



What investments are included under "#2 Not sustainable", what is their purpose and are there any minimum environmental or social safeguards?

As the Fund replicates the Index, the proportion of the Fund's investments that are classified as "not sustainable" reflect any small cash or derivatives positions held by the Fund but not the Index, such positions which are not covered by any minimum environmental or social safeguards. Unlike the Index, the Fund has to hold small cash positions and derivatives positions from time to time as part of efficient portfolio management, more information in respect of which is contained in the section entitled "Efficient Portfolio Management Techniques" and Schedule III of the Prospectus.



Is a specific index designated as a reference benchmark to meet the sustainable investment objective?

Yes, the investment objective of the Fund is to replicate the performance of the Index.

How does the reference benchmark take into account sustainability factors in a way that is continuously aligned with the sustainable investment objective?

The Index has a sustainable objective and utilises a unique Thematic Classification pursuant to which publicly-traded companies are identified, classified and scored and, ultimately, selected and weighted by the Index. The Thematic Classification is designed to be able to evolve over time as the environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy themselves evolve over time.

How is the alignment of the investment strategy with the methodology of the index ensured on a continuous basis?

The investment objective of the Fund is to replicate the performance of the Index which it does by investing primarily in a portfolio of equity securities that, as far as possible and practicable, consists of the component securities of the Index in similar proportions to their weightings in the Index.

The Fund will make a corresponding adjustments to its portfolio to reflect any changes to the composition of the Index resulting from the semi-annual rebalance.

How does the designated index differ from a relevant broad market index?

Reference benchmarks are indexes to measure whether the financial product attains the sustainable investment objective. The Index differs from broad market indices in that, unlike a broad market index which aims to provide exposure to a broad set of publicly-traded companies which encompasses all industries/sectors, the Index aims to provide exposure to a particular sub-set of companies that represent a particular sustainable investment theme/objective.

More specifically, the Index has the objective of providing exposure to US companies that are developing and applying innovative and impactful solutions to tackle the world's most pressing climatic and environmental challenges.

Unlike a board market index, the Index utilises the expertise of a thematic/industry expert to curate and maintain a defined classification system/taxonomy that represents the various sub-sectors of the "Environmental Impact Opportunities" Thematic Classification which are an extrapolation from the six environmental objectives of the EU Taxonomy of Sustainable Activities and enables publicly-traded companies to be identified, classified and scored in accordance with that classification system/taxonomy which is then used by the Index to select and weight companies.

Where can the methodology used for the calculation of the designated index be found?

The Index Methodology can be found by selecting "Index Methodology" here: https://www.foxberry.com/indices/thematics/foxberry_sms_usa_environmental_imp act tr



Where can I find more product specific information online?

More product-specific information can be found on the website:

https://rizeetf.com/